WATER LAW UPDATE

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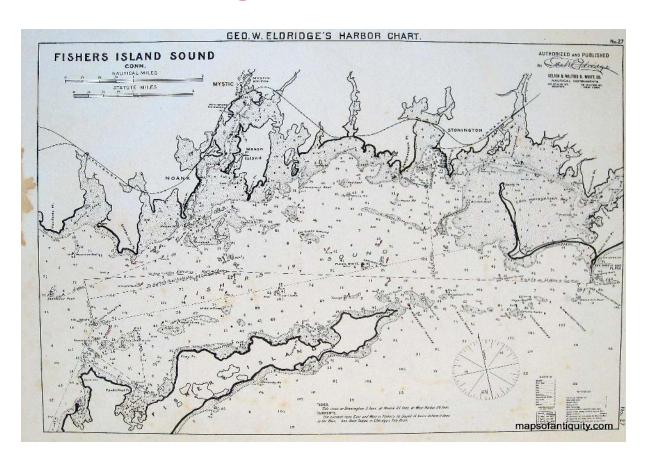
OVERVIEW

- I. Federal Regulatory Updates
- II. Federal Case Law Updates
- III. Minnesota Case Law Updates
- IV. Minnesota Legislative and Regulatory Updates



I. FEDERAL REGULATORY UPDATES

"Navigable" Waters



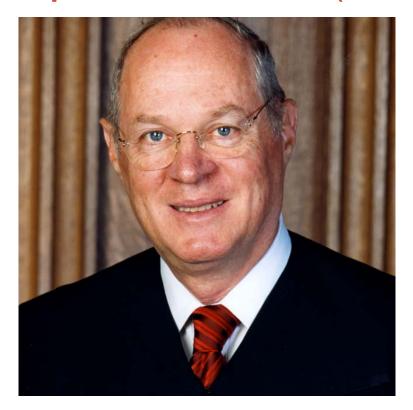


The term "navigable waters" means the waters of the United States, including the territorial seas.

33 U.S.C. § 1362(7)



Rapanos v. U.S. (2006)



Justice Kennedy: "Significant nexus"



Final Rule

EPA, U.S. Corps

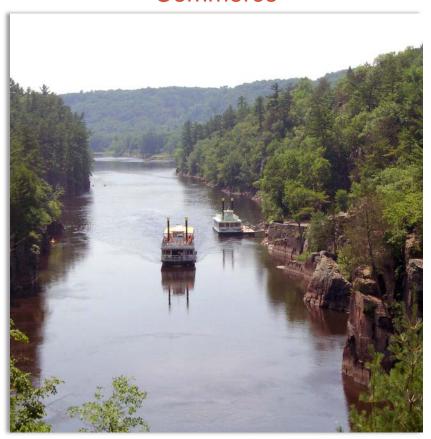
Definition of "Waters of the United States" Under the Clean Water Act

80 Fed. Reg. 37054 (June 29, 2015)



Waters Used in Interstate Commerce

Interstate Waters





Territorial Seas

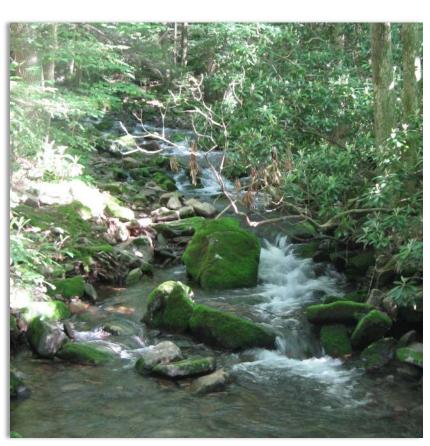
Impoundments





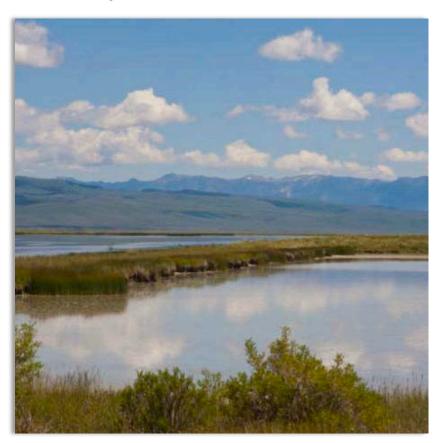
Tributaries

New Definition



- >Bed and banks
- ➤Ordinary high water mark
- Contributes flow, directly or indirectly to a traditionally navigable water (TNW)

Adjacent Waters



bordering, contiguous, or neighboring



"Neighboring" (Adjacent)

- > Waters located within:
 - 100 feet of the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of a TNW, impoundment or tributary
 - 100-year floodplain of—and not more than 1,500 feet from the OHWM of—a TNW, impoundment or tributary
 - 1,500 feet of the high tide line of a TNW
 - 1,500 feet of the ordinary high water mark of the Great Lakes



"Significant Nexus" Waters



"Significant Nexus"

Waters that alone or in combination with other similarly situated waters in the region significantly affect the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of a TNW



Categorical Exclusions from Jurisdiction

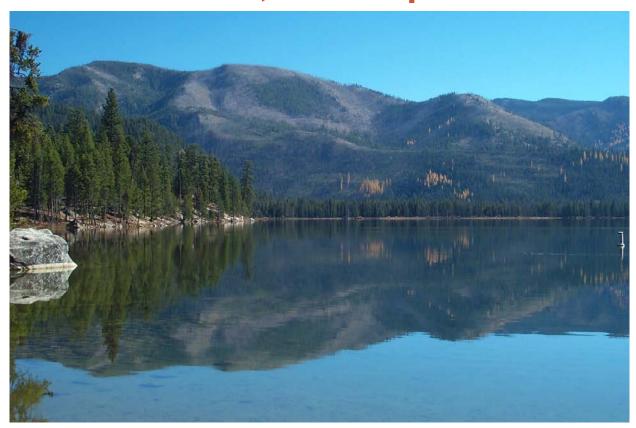


New Stormwater/Wastewater Exclusions

- >Stormwater control features constructed to convey, treat, or store stormwater that are created in dry land.
- ➤ Wastewater recycling structures constructed in dry land; detention and retention basins built for wastewater recycling; groundwater recharge basins; percolation ponds built for wastewater recycling; and water distributary structures built for wastewater recycling.



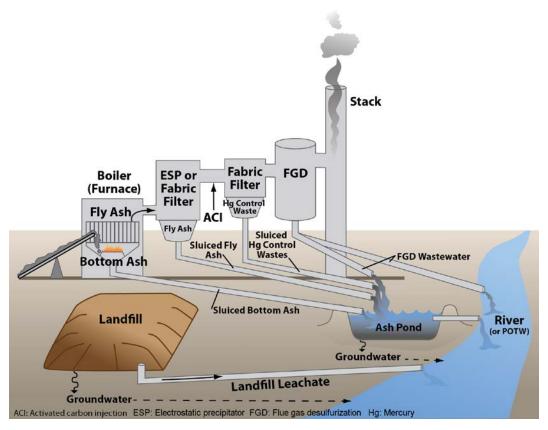
EPA, Final Rule Updating National Water Quality Standards, 40 CFR part 131



Warm Lake, Boise National Forest (www.fs.usda.gov)



EPA, Steam Electric Plant Effluent limitations Guidelines and Standards, 40 CFR Part 423



(www.epa.gov)



II. FEDERAL CASE LAW UPDATES

Sierra Club v. ICG Hazard, LLC, 781 F.3d 281 (6th Cir. 2015)

"Permit Shield"

"Compliance with a permit issued pursuant to this section shall be deemed compliance" with CWA provisions addressing effluent limitations and their enforcement.

--33 U.S.C. § 1342(k).



Sierra Club v. ICG Hazard, LLC, 781 F.3d 281 (6th Cir. 2015)

Two-Part Test

- 1. Compliance with all permit terms
- 2. Pollutants discharged were within "reasonable contemplation" of permitting authority



Hawkes Co., Inc. v. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 782 F.3d 994 (8th Cir. 2015)



Peat Harvesters (www.http:/news.Minnesota.publicradio.org)



Hawkes Co., Inc. v. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 782 F.3d 994 (8th Cir. 2015)

"Final Agency Action"

Consumation of the agency's decision making process

Determines rights or obligations



III. MINNESOTA CASE LAW UPDATES

In re Reichmann Land & Cattle, LLP, 867 N.W.2d 502 (Minn. July 29, 2015)

"Animal Feeding Operation"

At least 1,000 cattle on the lot for more than 45 days in a 12-month period

"Crops, vegetation, forage growth, or post-harvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot"

--40 C.F.R. § 122.23(b)(1)



IIV. MINNESOTA LEGISLATIVE AND REGULATORY UPDATES

Minnesota Legislature: Senate File No. 5

Buffers

Wild Rice Standard

Section 404 Permit Program



MPCA 2015 Multi-Sector Stormwater General Permit for Industrial Activity



Great Lakes Restoration Initiative



Georgian Bay, Lake Huron



WATER LAW UPDATE

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For more environmental law updates:

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