

Not

How to Give a Lousy Presentation



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Public Speaking

One of People's Biggest Fears

Butterflies are Your Friends

The Audience is On Your Side

- True for Technical and Business Presentations
- Not True for Controversial Public Presentations?

Good Speakers are Made, Not Born

Best Talks are Told Like a Story, Not Read

Presentation Outline

- **Before Your Presentation**
 - Preparation
 - Organization
 - Practice
- **Visual Aids**
- **Presentation Mechanics**
- **Conclusions and Recommendations**
- **Credits**

Preparation

Analyze Your Audience

Their Level of Knowledge

Their Concerns and Interests

Define Your Message



Getting Started

Define Your Objective

Collect Materials

Define Your Message

Consider the Situation



Organization

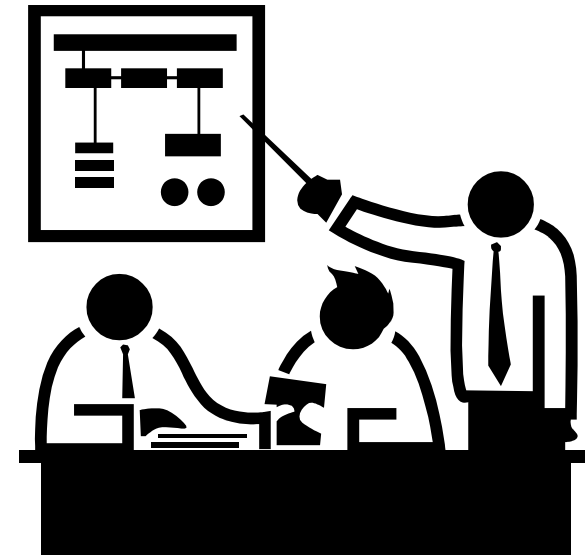
Outline Your Presentation

- **Introduction**
- **Body**
- **Conclusion**

“Tell them what you are going to tell them, tell them, tell them what you told them.”

Why Outline Presentation?

- **Tests Logic**
- **Coordinates Presentation**
- **Tests Coherence and Relationship of Items**
- **Helps Define Use of Time**



Constructing an Outline

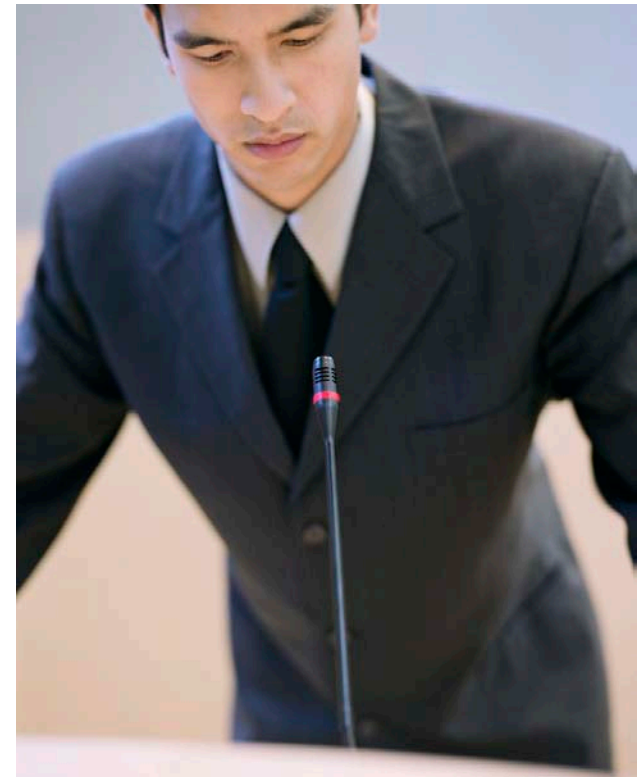
- **Review Collected Materials**
- **Determine Central Theme**
- **Organize Presentation Sections**
- **Estimate Timing**



Practice

Practice

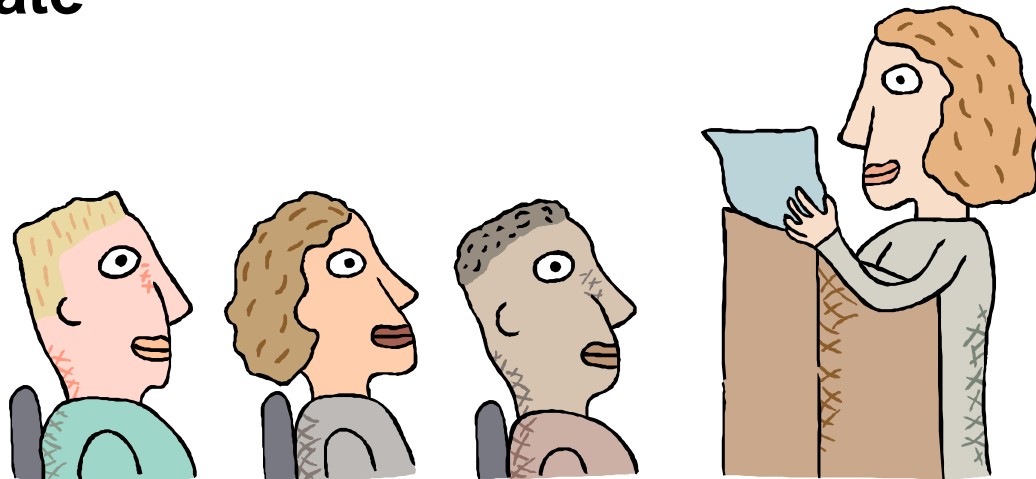
- **Number of Times Based on Your Comfort Level**
- **Create/Revise/Edit Notes (if required)**
- **Check Spelling**
- **Anticipate Questions/Reactions**
- **Gain Confidence**



**Aoccdrnig to rscheearch at Cmabrigde
Uinervtisy, it deosn't mttar in waht
oredr the ltteers in a wrod are, the olny
iprmoetnt tihng is taht the frist and lsat
ltteer be at the rghit pclae. The rset can
be a total mse and you can sitll raed it
wouthit a porbelm. Tihs is bcuseae the
huamn mnid deos not raed ervey lteter
by istlef, but the wrod as a wlohe.
Amzanig huh?**

Delivery

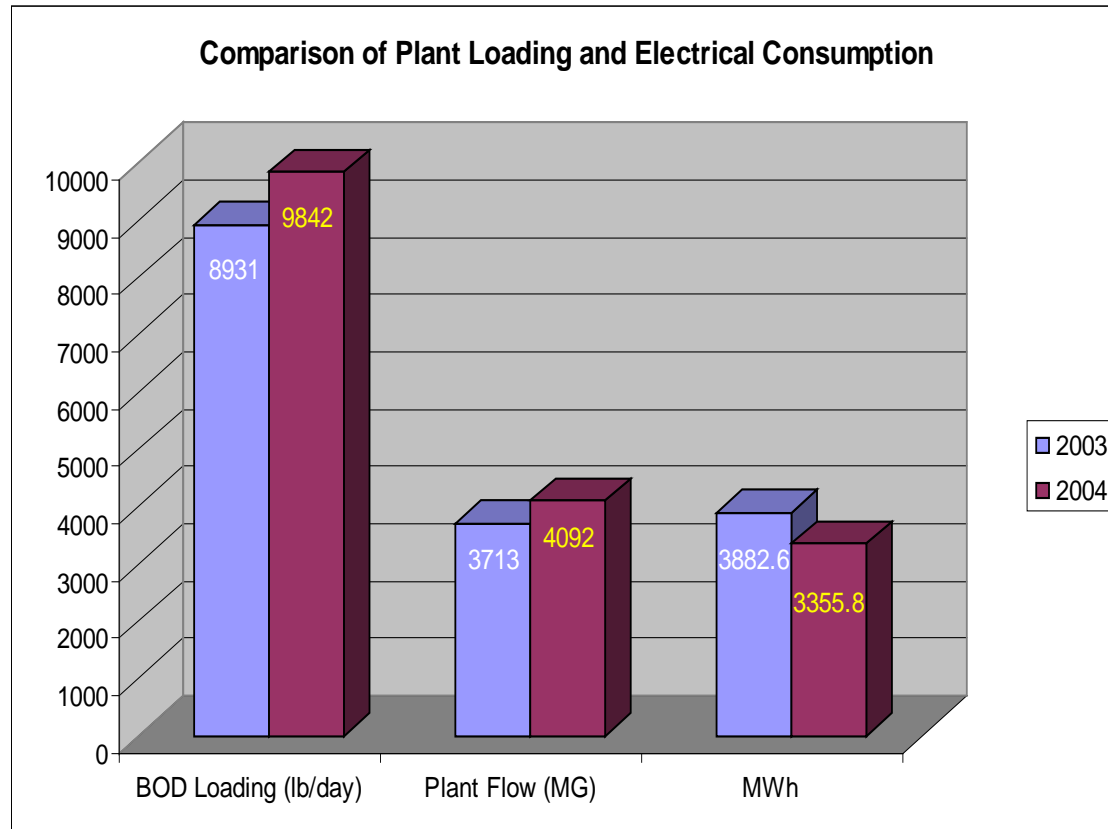
- **Be Yourself. Be confident.**
- **Look at Your Audience**
- **Do Not Over-Communicate**
- **Do Not Read Slides**
- **“Never” Apologize**



Visual Aids

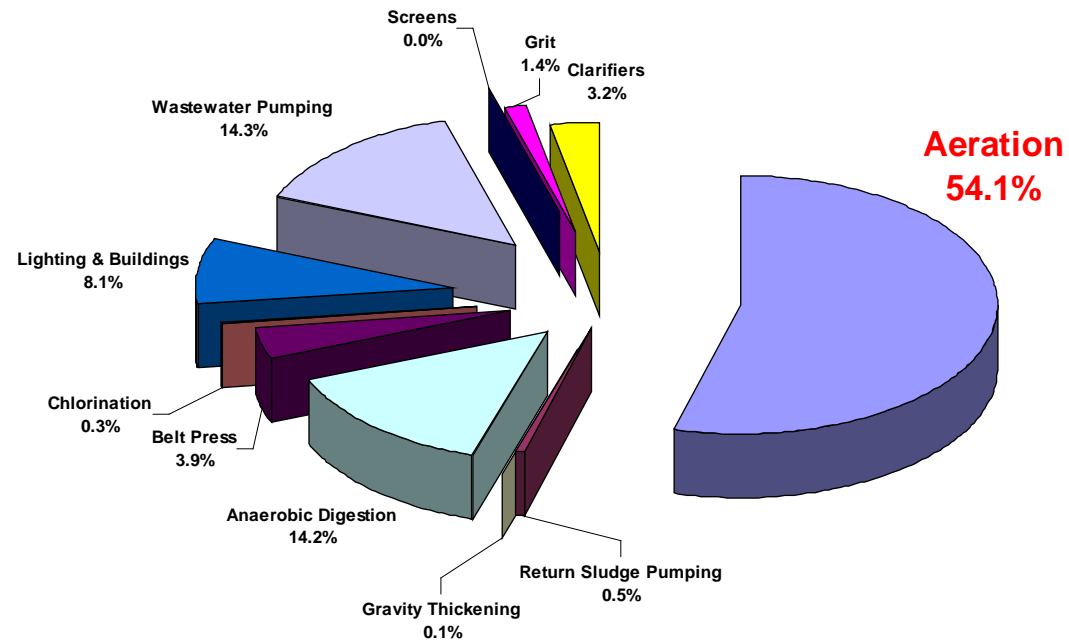
Why Do We Use Visual Aids?

- Increase Audience Engagement
- Improve Message Comprehension
- Increase Retention Rates
- Explain Complex Facts and Processes



Why Do We Use Visual Aids? (continued)

- Reinforce Key Points
- Make Abstract Ideas Concrete
- Leave a Lasting Impression
- Impart a Professional Image



Electricity Requirements for Activated Sludge Wastewater

Derived from data from the Water Environment Energy Conservation Task Force *Energy Conservation in Wastewater Treatment*

Good Slides Share Common Features

Statement That Makes a Conclusion

Not Too Many Words

No Content That is Too Small to Read

Pictures / Graphics

Easy to Follow

Orient the Reader to Where You are in the Presentation

General Rules for Slides

- Limit Number of Text Lines to Six
- Use Upper and Lower Case Letters
- Use Capitals, Bold, Italics, Underlining *Sparingly*
- Keep Text Large and Legible (24 point minimum)
- Keep Number of Fonts to a Minimum

General Rules for Slides (continued)

- **Use Same Alignment Throughout Presentation**
- **Do Not Center Long Lines of Text**
- **Use Pictures and Graphics**
 - Intermingle with Text
 - Keep Relevant to the Topic
 - Keep Emphasis to Major Point
- **Caution on Use of Clip Art**



Effective Presentations

- Font should be plain (stick with it)
- 4 – 6 lines per slide
- Visible to all of the room
- No less than 28 point
- Use complimentary colors



Ideal Colors

- **Black on White**

Ideal Colors

- **Black on White**
- **White on Black**

Ideal Colors

- **Black on White**
- **White on Black**
- **White on Dark Blue**

Ideal Colors

- **Black on White**
- **White on Black**
- **White on Dark Blue**
- **Yellow on Dark Blue**

Colors

- **Avoid Using Red and Green to Differentiate Points**
- **Establish and Stick with a Color Scheme**
- **Use Sudden Color Change for Effect (*Sparingly*)**

Transitions and Animation

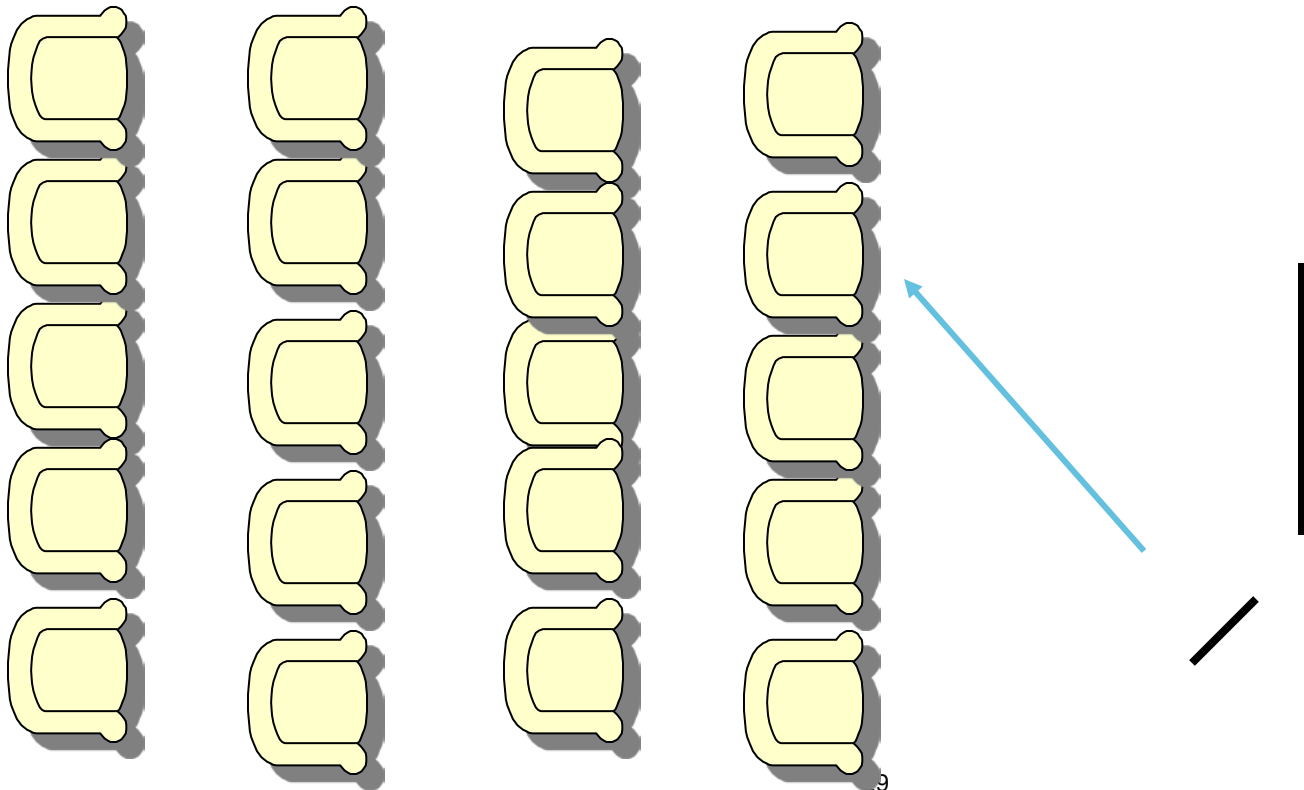
- **Use Sparingly**
- **Maintain Relatively Consistent Approach**
- **Avoid “Death by PowerPoint”**

Effective Presentation Mechanics

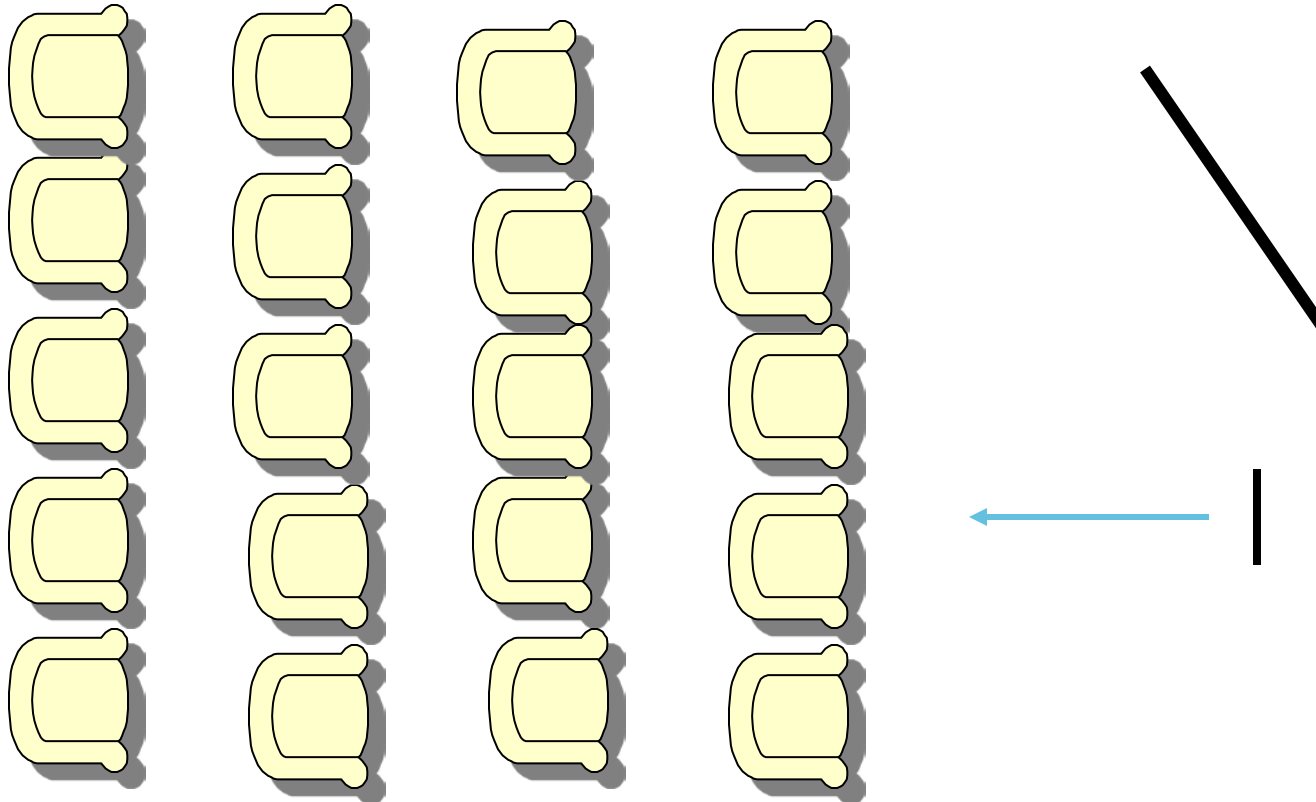
- **Consider Room Layout**
- **Stay on One Side of Line of Projection and Face the Audience**
- **Do Not Be Tied to a Podium**
- **Avoid “Follow the Bouncing Laser”**
- **Use Laptop as a Monitor**



Consider Room Layout to Connect with Your Audience



Consider Room Layout to Connect with Your Audience



Examples

Great Teams



Experience

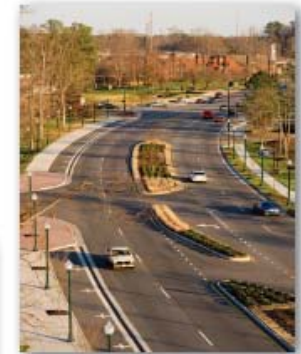


Interstate

Roundabouts



Urban



Design-Build



Accelerated Schedule

Secondary



Large



Suburban



Mountainous

Construction

Primary

Concept

Interchanges



Small



Intersections



Context Sensitive

Conclusions and Recommendations

- **Work to Give Good Presentations**
- **Prepare, Organize, Practice**
- **Be Yourself and Deliver with Confidence**
- **Use Visual Aids Wisely**

Credits

- **Dave Barber, Public Works Director, Peoria, Illinois**
- **Stephanie Reith**
- **Kevin Richardson**

References

- **“Slide Rules”, by Robert Lindstrom, Windows Magazine, June 1995**
- **“How to Give a Really Lousy Technical Presentation”, by Joseph Haworth and Dave Reardon, WEFTEC, September 1992**

Thank You

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